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ters of 1812, State of Illinois, at its annual dinner, which was held in the Hotel La Salle. "A Message from the Great-grandson of a Soldier of 1812" was the theme of the secretary.

On Monday evening, December 4, the Federated Clubs of Hamilton, Ohio, held a peace meeting in the Methodist Church of that city. The peace secretary gave his lecture on "The Big Stick and the Square Deal" before a large audience of prominent people of Hamilton.

On Monday, December 11, the Bryn Mawr Woman's Club held its first peace meeting. The secretary spoke upon "1812-1912, a Century of Progress Towards World Peace."

Hon. Saburo Shimada, a member of the Imperial Japanese Diet, visited Chicago November 22-24. On Friday noon, November 24, the executive committee of the Chicago Peace Society tendered him a luncheon at the Union League Club.

On Tuesday, November 14, the Hamilton Club of Chicago held a noon-day luncheon, with addresses in behalf of the ratification of the treaties. Mr. M. B. Orde, vice-president of the club, presided, but turned the meeting over to Mr. Henry C. Morris, chairman of the club's Committee on International Peace. Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, was the first speaker. Mr. Leroy A. Goddard, president of the State Bank of Chicago and president of the local peace society, followed. Judge Orrin N. Carter, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois, was next introduced. The field secretary was the last speaker. The attendance was excellent, the dining-room of the club being filled. An encouraging enthusiasm was manifested. A large special committee has been appointed, since the luncheon, to arrange for a great public meeting early in January in behalf of the treaties. This meeting will be held in the Auditorium, Sunday evening, January 7. Former Vice-President Fairbanks, Col. Henry Watterson, Congressman David J. Foster, and Miss Addams have definitely accepted invitations to speak.

Dr. Inazo Nitobe, of the Imperial University, Tokyo, Japan, author of the well-known volume, "Bushido," delivered the convocation address at the Eighty-first Convocation of the University of Chicago on Tuesday, December 19. Some of the officers and members of our peace society were invited to represent the society at the reception to Dr. Nitobe on Tuesday evening, December 19. Consul Yamasaki tendered a dinner to Dr. Nitobe on Monday evening, December 18, and invited some representatives of the peace society to be present.

President Goddard, the secretary of the Chicago Society, and Dr. Jenkin Lloyd Jones were present at the special meeting of the American Peace Society, which was held in Washington December 8.

The field secretary, by special invitation, was present at the fifty-eighth annual meeting of the Illinois State Teachers' Association, which was held at Springfield December 28, to assist in organizing a State branch of the American School Peace League.

The Chicago Peace Society, on January 4, 1912, will have rounded out two years of its existence. By steady, quiet work the society has won its place in the life of the city, and is called on, with increased frequency, for

all sorts of service. With a splendid corps of officers, loyally and conscientiously administering the affairs of the office, the Chicago Peace Society looks into the new year with hope, confidently expecting an enlargement and strengthening of its work, and a corresponding increased usefulness.

30 NO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

Work of the American Association for International Conciliation.

Quarterly Report for December, 1911.

The work of the American Association for International Conciliation during the past quarter has been almost wholly devoted to the preparation and circulation of literature concerning the general arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France submitted to the Senate of the United States on the 3d of August, 1911, by President Taft.

Owing to the importance of these treaties and the widespread interest which their publication evoked, and the discussion which has arisen concerning them, it was deemed wise, not only in the interest of the treaties themselves, but for the sake of advancing in a substantial way the cause of worldwide peace, to give as much publicity as possible to these treaties. Accordingly, Document No. 48 was issued containing the full text of the treaties, the majority and minority reports from the Committee on Foreign Relations, comments on the treaties by Prof. John Bassett Moore, of Columbia University, and Gov. Simeon E. Baldwin, of Connecticut, together with extracts from the address by President Taft before the American Bar Association on the subject of the arbitration treaties.

About two hundred and fifty thousand copies of this document were printed and distributed among people of intelligence whose names were selected from a carefully revised list. The demand for this document has been steady, and still persists. An additional one hundred thousand copies could readily be disposed of. This is a gratifying fact, for it indicates a healthful and growing interest in the subject of peace and arbitration, and shows that our publications have a solid educational function and value.

In addition to Document No. 48, we have printed for distribution an article from the *Woman's Home Companion*, by President Taft, entitled "The Dawn of Peace," which is a comprehensive discussion of the arbitration treaties set forth in simple and easily comprehensible language. The demand for this document has been large, and its circulation has done much to popularize the treaties and to lead the public to understand their real scope, significance, and importance.

There is abundant reason to believe that a million additional copies of these two documents, together with one made up of extracts from Secretary Knox's speech, and statements which we have from such men as Ex-Senator Edmunds, President Eliot, Judge George C. Gray, Alton B. Parker, Cardinal Gibbons, and other eminent men, could be circulated to great advantage, and that they would constitute a contribution of enduring value to the peace movement.